# THE LACK OF INTEREST IN LEARNING ENGLISH IN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL DURING PANDEMIC COVID 19

Abiza Ummi Fina SHP English Education

## Abizaumi66@gmail.com

#### **Abstract**

Language is a means of communication to convey ideas, ideas, thoughts and feelings of a person. Language is also used to reveal various kinds of information received from one person to another person. In the current era of globalization, humans are not only required to master national languages, but are also required to master foreign languages to support the need to communicate with people around the world. But the covid-19 pandemic situation made the Government announce thelearning activities into online learning. This policy and its relation to the teaching and learning process at schools and universities urged them to study at home, and replacing them with online learning to break the chain of viruses. The purpose of this research is to find out the factors that cause the lack of interest of students to learn English in pandemic covid-19.

**Key words:** Language, Learning English and Online learning

#### INTRODUCTION

What is a pandemic? A pandemic is a spread of disease outbreaks that occur throughout the world (Ahluwalia, 2020; Isnain et al., 2021; Panganiban1 & Madrigal, 2020). In 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) has determined that the COVID-19 outbreak will become a pandemic (Guru et al., 2021; Mastan et al., 2022; Nuraziza et al., 2021). In this era, Indonesia also had a significant impact (Melyza & Aguss, 2021; Oktaviani, 2021; Saputra & Pasha, 2021). All activities are stopped by the government (Aguss et al., 2021; Fatimah et al., 2021; Nani & Lina, 2022). The entire community is only allowed to do some jobs and the teaching and learning process at schools and universities urged them to study at home, and replacing them with online learning to break the chain of viruses (Pratomo & Gumantan, 2021; Rahman Isnain et al., 2021; Suwarni & Handayani, 2021). The workers conduct meetings with internet applications and students also carry out teaching and learning activities (KBM) using features on the internet like Zoom and Google classroom (Keith et al., 1974; Risten & Pustika, 2021; Sari & Oktaviani, 2021a). Minimizing the transmission of infectious diseases, the public takes action to limit social distancing and also self-quarantine (Ahdan et al., 2021; Maskar et al., 2021; Tindakan et al., 2021). Social distancing is a term applied to certain actions that are taken by public health officials to stop or slow down the spread of a highly contagious disease (Ambarwati & Mandasari, 2021; Ngestirosa et al., 2020; Oktaviani et al., 2021).

English is an international language, which means the language used by people around the world to communicate between nations and another countries (Aminatun, 2021; Isnaini & Aminatun, 2021; Nadya et al., 2021). Language is the largest language used by people around the world (Gustanti & Ayu, 2021; Kiswardhani & Ayu, 2021; Pradani, 2021). In addition, English is also a very important language to learn, especially now that we are in an era of globalization where culture and information from abroad can quickly enter through English, which is used in various social media (Anderha & Maskar, 2021; Pratiwi & Ayu, 2020; Yudha & Mandasari, 2021). Language is a means of communication to convey ideas, thoughts and feelings of a person. Language is also used to reveal various kinds of information received from one person to another person. In the current era of globalization, humans are not only required to master national languages, but are also required to master foreign languages to support the need to communicate with people around the world (Nurmala Sari & Aminatun, 2021; Pranoto & Suprayogi, 2020; Schrape, 2018). Therefore, mastering a foreign language is very important to communicate with other countries. In the education in Indonesia, foreign language subjects have been applied in schools (Aminatun et al., 2021; Sari, 2020; Suprayogi et al., 2021). Starting from elementary to secondary education, foreign languages are one of the compulsory subjects, as English has been taught since elementary school. Foreign language learning in schools is applied for the future, not only in technology, but also in education, tourism and culture. In the field of technology, for example the internet, we can get information from all countries. In the field of education there is an exchange of students with other countries or to continue their studies abroad (Ayu et al., 2021; Muliyah et al., 2020; Oktaviani & Mandasari, 2019).

#### LITERATURE REVIEW

English as one of the foreign languages used by many countries has been widely taught in high schools (SMA) and its equivalent in Indonesia. Based on the Education Unit Level Curriculum (KTSP), one of the goals of learning English in High Schools (SMA) is to develop the ability to communicate in English in both oral and written forms. These communication skills include listening, reading, speaking and writing (Erya & Pustika, 2021; N. Putri & Aminatun, 2021; Skill, n.d.). The four abilities are interconnected with one another. The ability to listen must be mastered by students because it can help students to recognize sounds that distinguish meaning, recognize new vocabulary, and also

recognize grammar. Reading skills must be possessed by students because through reading activities a new vocabulary will be obtained. The ability to speak and write can help students express their ideas, thoughts, and feelings through oral and written (Choirunnisa & Sari, 2021; Mandasari & Aminatun, 2020; N. Putri & Aminatun, 2021). All language skills must be improved and balanced in teaching.

Furthermore students must also have an interest in learning. Interest in learning English must be increased, for example paying attention to the teacher when explaining the lesson, asking the teacher about English lessons, doing the assignments given by the teacher, and so forth. By having a high interest in learning, students can master English well. But with the covid 19 pandemic as it is currently requiring the existing learning system to be changed to online or online learning (Sari & Oktaviani, 2021b; Yuliansyah & Ayu, 2021). So that many students find it difficult or not interested in learning English because they think English is difficult and have difficulty learning online, so they are less interested in taking lessons (N. R. Putri & Sari, 2021). The purpose of this research is to find out the factors that cause the lack of interest of students to learn English in pandemic Covid 19. Based on the background the above problems can be formulated as follows: 1) What the reason for the lack of interest to learn English in senior high school? 2) How much the interest of students to learn English in pandemic covid 19.

#### **METHOD**

This research uses qualitative research. Qualitative Research explanatory both explanatory and descriptive explanitation (Apriyanti & Ayu, 2020). "Consequently, the data taken is not counted by Numbers but is described. This research was conducted at SMA 1 Natar in tenth grade. After taking a data collection of researchers analyses data based on questionnaire, then researchers interpret the results of the study and then the researcher draws a corresponding conclusion as what the reason for the lack of interest to learn English in senior high school and how much the interest of students to learn English in pandemic covid 19. The study used a student sample with a sample of 25 samples of 20 female students and 5 male students at tenth grade.

#### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

This result gotten from the data that obtain in written interview from the respondent. This study reported the perception of Senior High School student in SMA Negri 1 Natar about the factor of lack of interest in learning English in Senior High School.

### **Table Result of The Questionnaire**

Please kindly to answer the questions below:

Questions	Yes	No
Do you think that learning English in pandemic era is difficult?	18	7
Do you think that learning English in online learning is interesting?	6	19
Do you think that learning english is important?	22	3
Do you have study English besides school?	4	21
Do you think that learning english in online learning is effective?	3	17
Essay		
1. What are the factors students are not interested in learning English?		
2. What your motivate to learn English?		
3. What do you think about how teachers teaching English in schools during the pandemic?		

In this research, there are 8 questions given by students. The participants was conduct by 25 students which 20 female and 5 male. The questionnaires asking to students with the answer is yes or no and 3 questions about essay. So the result, as the questionnaire, students not really interested because of lack of motivation in learning and also how to teach teachers that are less attractive to students in pandemic. One of the factors that

interest students in learning is because there is no motivation in themselves and lack of understanding English is an important language to learn. Motivation is a change in energy in a person which is characterized by the emergence of feelings and reactions to achieve goals (Utami et al., 2021).

#### **CONCLUSION**

In conclusion the researcher conclude that learning English during the pandemic difficult and not interested, it's just the method taught by the teachers that makes students unconfortable with what they learn during the pandemic. It should be noted that there are a lot of effective ways to deal with this problem, not only from the school and teachers, but the role of parents and the community also influences how students learn in pandemic era.

#### **REFERENCES**

- Aguss, R. M., Fahrizqi, E. B., & Abiyyu, F. F. A. (2021). ANALISIS Aguss, R. M., Fahrizqi, E. B., & Abiyyu, F. F. A. (2021). ANALISIS DAMPAK WABAH COVID-19 PADA PERKEMAguss, R. M., Fahrizqi, E. B., & Abiyyu, F. F. A. (2021). ANALISIS DAMPAK WABAH COVID-19 PADA PERKEMBANGAN MOTORIK HALUS ANAK USIA 3-4 TAHUN. Jurn. *Jurnal Penjaskesrek*, 8(1), 46–56.
- Ahdan, S., Sucipto, A., Priandika, A. T., & ... (2021). Peningkatan Kemampuan Guru SMK Kridawisata Di Masa Pandemi Covid-19 Melalui Pengelolaan Sistem Pembelajaran Daring. *Jurnal ABDINUS* ..., *5*(2), 390–401. http://ojs.unpkediri.ac.id/index.php/PPM/article/view/15591
- Ahluwalia, L. (2020). EMPOWERMENT LEADERSHIP AND PERFORMANCE: ANTECEDENTS. *Angewandte Chemie International Edition*, *6*(11), 951–952., 7(1), 283.
  - http://www.nostarch.com/javascriptforkids%0Ahttp://www.investopedia.com/terms/i/in\_specie.asp%0Ahttp://dspace.ucuenca.edu.ec/bitstream/123456789/35612/1/Trabajo de Titulacion.pdf%0Ahttps://educacion.gob.ec/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2019/01/GUIA-METODOL
- Ambarwati, R., & Mandasari, B. (2021). Students' Motivation Toward the Use of Google Classroom in Learning English During Covid-19 Pandemic At Sma N 1 Sukoharjo. *Journal of Arts and Education*, *1*(1), 10–18. http://jurnal.teknokrat.ac.id/index.php/JAE/article/view/27
- Aminatun, D. (2021). STUDENTS 'PERSPECTIVE TOWARD THE USE OF DIGITAL COMIC. 2(2), 90–94.
- Aminatun, D., Muliyah, P., & Haryanti, H. (2021). the Effect of Using Dictogloss on Students' Listening Comprehension Achievement. *JURNAL PAJAR (Pendidikan Dan Pengajaran)*, 5(2), 262–269. https://doi.org/10.33578/pjr.v5i2.8246
- Anderha, R. R., & Maskar, S. (2021). Pengaruh Kemampuan Numerasi Dalam Menyelesaikan Masalah Matematika Terhadap Prestasi Belajar Mahasiswa Pendidikan Matematika. *Jurnal Ilmiah Matematika Realistik*, 2(1), 1–10. http://jim.teknokrat.ac.id/index.php/pendidikanmatematika/article/view/774
- Apriyanti, D., & Ayu, M. (2020). Think-Pair-Share: Engaging Students in Speaking Activities in Classroom. *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, 1(1),

- 13–19. https://doi.org/10.33365/jeltl.v1i1.246
- Ayu, M., Sari, F. M., & Muhaqiqin, M. (2021). Pelatihan guru dalam penggunaan website grammar sebagai media pembelajaran selama pandemi. *Al-Mu'awanah: Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat*, 2(1), 49–55.
- Choirunnisa, M. R., & Sari, F. M. (2021). TED Talks Use in Speaking Class for Undergraduate Students. *Jambura Journal of English Teaching and Literature*, 2(1), 35–40. https://doi.org/10.37905/jetl.v2i1.7319
- Erya, W. I., & Pustika, R. (2021). STUDENTS'PERCEPTION TOWARDS THE USE OF WEBTOON TO IMPROVE READING COMPREHENSION SKILL. *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, 2(1), 51–56.
- Fatimah, C., Asmara, P. M., Mauliya, I., & Puspaningtyas, N. D. (2021). Peningkatan Minat Belajar Siswa Melalui Pendekatan Matematika Realistik Pada Pembelajaran Berbasis Daring. *Mathema: Jurnal Pendidikan Matematika*, 3(2), 117–126.
- Guru, P., Staff, D. A. N., Mathla, M. A., & Anwar, U. L. (2021). *PELATIHAN PEMBUATAN DAN PENGEDITAN WEB-BLOG BAGI*. 2(2), 82–88.
- Gustanti, Y., & Ayu, M. (2021). THE CORRELATION BETWEEN COGNITIVE READING STRATEGIES AND STUDENTS 'ENGLISH PROFICIENCY TEST. 2(2), 95–100.
- Isnain, A. R., Hendrastuty, N., Andraini, L., Studi, P., Informasi, S., Indonesia, U. T., Informatika, P. S., Indonesia, U. T., Studi, P., Komputer, T., Indonesia, U. T., & Lampung, K. B. (2021). *Comparison of Support Vector Machine and Naïve Bayes on Twitter Data Sentiment Analysis*. 6(1), 56–60.
- Isnaini, S., & Aminatun, D. (2021). *DO YOU LIKE LISTENING TO MUSIC ?:* STUDENTS 'THOUGHT ON. 2(2), 62–67.
- Keith, L. T., Tornatzky, L. G., & Pettigrew, L. E. (1974). An analysis of verbal and nonverbal classroom teaching behaviors. *Journal of Experimental Education*, 42(4), 30–38. https://doi.org/10.1080/00220973.1974.11011490
- Kiswardhani, A. M., & Ayu, M. (2021). *MEMORIZATION STRATEGY DURING LEARNING PROCESS: STUDENTS 'REVIEW*. 2(2), 68–73.
- Mandasari, B., & Aminatun, D. (2020). VLOG: A TOOL TO IMPROVE STUDENTS" ENGLISH SPEAKING ABILITY AT UNIVERSITY LEVEL. *PROCEEDINGS UNIVERSITAS PAMULANG*, 1(1).
- Maskar, S., Puspaningtyas, N. D., Fatimah, C., & Mauliya, I. (2021). Catatan Daring Matematika: Pelatihan Pemanfaatan Google Site Sebagai Media Pembelajaran Daring. *Community Development Journal: Jurnal Pengabdian Masyarakat*, 2(2), 487–493. https://doi.org/10.31004/cdj.v2i2.1979
- Mastan, I. A., Sensuse, D. I., Suryono, R. R., & Kautsarina, K. (2022). Evaluation of Distance Learning System (E-Learning): a Systematic Literature Review. *Jurnal Teknoinfo*, *16*(1), 132. https://doi.org/10.33365/jti.v16i1.1736
- Melyza, A., & Aguss, R. M. (2021). Persepsi Siswa Terhadap Proses Penerapan Pembelajaran Pendidikan Jasmani Olahraga Dan Kesehatan Pada Pandemi Covid-19. *Journal Of Physical Education*, 2(1), 8–16.
- Muliyah, P., Aminatun, D., Nasution, S. S., Hastomo, T., & Sitepu, S. S. W. (2020). EXPLORING LEARNERS'AUTONOMY IN ONLINE LANGUAGE-LEARNING IN STAI SUFYAN TSAURI MAJENANG. *Getsempena English Education Journal*, 7(2), 382–394.
- Nadya, Z., Pustika, R., & Indonesia, U. T. (2021). *THE IMPORTANCE OF FAMILY MOTIVATION FOR STUDENT TO STUDY ONLINE DURING THE COVID-19*. 2(2), 86–89.

- Nani, D. A., & Lina, L. F. (2022). Determinants of Continuance Intention to Use Mobile Commerce during the Emergence of COVID-19 In Indonesia: DeLone and McLean Perspective. 5(3), 261–272.
- Ngestirosa, E., Woro, E., & Strid, J. E. (2020). Reconstructing the Border: Social Integration in Reyna Grande's The Distance Between Us. December.
- Nuraziza, N., Oktaviani, L., & Sari, F. M. (2021). EFL Learners' Perceptions on ZOOM Application in the Online Classes. *Jambura Journal of English Teaching and Literature*, 2(1), 41–51. https://doi.org/10.37905/jetl.v2i1.7318
- Nurmala Sari, S., & Aminatun, D. (2021). Students' Perception on the Use of English Movies to Improve Vocabulary Mastery. *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, 2(1), 16–22. http://jim.teknokrat.ac.id/index.php/english-language-teaching/index
- Oktaviani, L. (2021). Penerapan Sistem Pembelajaran Dalam Jaringan Berbasis Web Pada Madrasah Aliyah Negeri 1 Pesawaran. *Jurnal WIDYA LAKSMI (Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat)*, 1(2), 68–75.
- Oktaviani, L., Fernando, Y., Romadhoni, R., & Noviana, N. (2021). Developing a webbased application for school councelling and guidance during COVID-19 Pandemic. *Journal of Community Service and Empowerment*, 2(3), 110–117. https://doi.org/10.22219/jcse.v2i3.17630
- Oktaviani, L., & Mandasari, B. (2019). Powtoon: Presenting SQ3R Implementation in Reading Class through A Web-Based Medium. *PROCEEDINGS UNIVERSITAS PAMULANG*, *I*(1).
- Panganiban1, G. L., & Madrigal, D. V. (2020). A new decade for social changes. *Technium Social Sciences Journal*, 7, 312–320. https://techniumscience.com/index.php/socialsciences/article/view/332/124
- Pradani, D. (2021). Students 'Motivation in English Online Learning During Pandemic COVID-19. 2(2), 57–61.
- Pranoto, B. E., & Suprayogi, S. (2020). Incorporating 9GAG memes to develop EFL learners' speaking ability and willingness to communicate. *IJEE* (*Indonesian Journal of English Education*), 7(2), 130–144.
- Pratiwi, Z. F., & Ayu, M. (2020). THE USE OF DESCRIBING PICTURE STRATEGY TO IMPROVE SECONDARY STUDENTS'SPEAKING SKILL. *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, *1*(2), 38–43.
- Pratomo, C., & Gumantan, A. (2021). Analisis Efektifitas Pembelajaran Daring Terhadap Hasil Belajar Pendidikan Olahraga Pada Masa Pandemi Covid-19 SMK SMTI Bandarlampung. *Journal Of Physical Education*, 2(1), 26–31.
- Putri, N., & Aminatun, D. (2021). USING FACEBOOK TO PRACTICE WRITING SKILL: WHAT DO THE STUDENTS THINK? *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, 2(1), 45–50.
- Putri, N. R., & Sari, F. M. (2021). INVESTIGATING ENGLISH TEACHING STRATEGIES TO REDUCE ONLINE TEACHING OBSTACLES IN THE SECONDARY SCHOOL. *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, 2(1), 23–31.
- Rahman Isnain, A., Indra Sakti, A., Alita, D., & Satya Marga, N. (2021). Sentimen Analisis Publik Terhadap Kebijakan Lockdown Pemerintah Jakarta Menggunakan Algoritma Svm. *Jdmsi*, 2(1), 31–37. https://t.co/NfhnfMjtXw
- Risten, R., & Pustika, R. (2021). Exploring students' attitude towards english online learning using Moodle during COVID-19 pandemic at SMK Yadika Bandarlampung [Actitud de los estudiantes hacia el aprendizaje en línea del inglés usando Moodle

- durante la pandemia de COVID-19]. *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, 2(1), 8–15. http://jim.teknokrat.ac.id/index.php/english-language-teaching/index
- Saputra, V. H., & Pasha, D. (2021). Comics as Learning Medium During the Covid-19 Pandemic. *Proceeding International Conference on Science and Engineering*, *4*, 330–334.
- Sari, F. M. (2020). UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS'VIEWS ON THE USE OF ONLINE LEARNING PLATFORM. THE SECOND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON ENGLISH EDUCATION.
- Sari, F. M., & Oktaviani, L. (2021a). Undergraduate Students' Views on the Use of Online Learning Platform during COVID-19 Pandemic. *Teknosastik*, *19*(1), 41. https://doi.org/10.33365/ts.v19i1.896
- Sari, F. M., & Oktaviani, L. (2021b). Undergraduate Students' Views on the Use of Online Learning Platform during COVID-19 Pandemic. *TEKNOSASTIK*, *19*(1), 41–47.
- Schrape, J.-F. (2018). Social Media, Mass Media and the "Public Sphere". Differentiation, Complementarity and Co-Existence. *SSRN Electronic Journal*. https://doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.2858891
- Skill, T. E. (n.d.). 60TH TEFLIN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE SCHEDULE Day 2: Wednesday, 28th August 2013.
- Suprayogi, S., Samanik, S.-, Novanti, E. A., & Ardesis, Y.-. (2021). EFL Learner's Literary Competence Mapping through Reader-Response Writing Assessed using CCEA GCSE Mark Scheme. *Celt: A Journal of Culture, English Language Teaching & Literature*, 21(1), 2. http://journal.unika.ac.id/index.php/celt/article/view/2871
- Suwarni, E., & Handayani, M. A. (2021). Development of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) to Suwarni, E., & Handayani, M. A. (2021). Development of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) to Strengthen Indonesia's Economic Post COVID-19. Business Management and Strategy, 12(2), 19. h. *Business Management and Strategy*, 12(2), 19. https://doi.org/10.5296/bms.v12i2.18794
- Tindakan, P., Dan, K., & Di, K. (2021). *Pkm Peningkatan Pemahaman Guru Mengenai*. *1*(2), 98–103.
- Utami, A. R., Oktaviani, L., & Emaliana, I. (2021). The Use of Video for Distance Learning During Covid-19 Pandemic: Students' Voice. *Jet Adi Buana*, 6(02), 153–161. https://doi.org/10.36456/jet.v6.n02.2021.4047
- Yudha, H. T., & Mandasari, B. (2021). THE ANALYSIS OF GAME USAGE FOR SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL. 2(2), 74–79.
- Yuliansyah, A., & Ayu, M. (2021). The Implementation of Project-Based Assignment in Online Learning during Covid-19. *Journal of English Language Teaching and Learning*, 2(1), 32–38.